Course title: European Studies in Trans-Border Perspective: The East European and Baltic Region (part II)

Course code: PolZ1011

Branch of science: Political Science

Sub-branch of science: Political Science

Credit points: 2

ECTS credit points: 3

Total number of contact hours: 32

- Number of hours for lectures: 32
- Number of hours for seminars and practical tasks
- Number of hours for laboratory assignments
- Number of hours allocated to term paper

Course developers:
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Preliminary knowledge (course title, part of programme, in which the course is to be acquired):
European Studies in Trans-Border Perspective: The East European and Baltic Region (part I)

Course abstract:
The research on border areas has traditionally been the sphere of comparative studies; they include the introduction to the history, the cultural history and the peculiarities of everyday life in the region, as well as the introduction to the modern political and economic history. At the same time, special attention is paid to the search for similarities and differences in the fate of the inhabitants of border areas and to the perception of the border not only as a divisive, but also as a unifying factor.

Learning outcomes:
Scope: the present study course is envisaged for the students interested in the investigation of the problems of the post-Soviet space and the issues related to the formation of a new European identity.

Scientific discussions on the problems of border areas have been taking place for more than two centuries, but they became particularly relevant after the collapse of the Soviet Union and the formation of independent states.

The study course is focused on the following problem categories:
- the problem of constructing the national identity of the region’s population;
- the issues related to the integration into various international organizations;
- the problems of the respect for the ethnic minorities’ rights;
- the reasons for choosing differently directed models of economic and political development of the states in the region, etc.

The students develop their academic competence:
- know and appropriately use political terminology;
• demonstrate their knowledge of regularities of socio-political processes;
• are ready to draw conclusions concerning the significance of socio-political processes in the development of a political nation;
• understand and are able to explain the mutual interaction of political processes in functioning of social processes.

Students develop their skills to apply their academic competence in practical activity:
• demonstrate skills in finding and selecting information, its analysis and comparison, as well as its use in the analysis of a definite situation, argumentative discussion;
• demonstrate skills to select study materials and are aware of the basic principles of their use.

Students develop their skills to use their academic competence in value-oriented action:
• demonstrate critical understanding of the transformations in the treatment of the history of post-soviet Region under the influence of political regimes and are able to discuss controversial issues in the history of post-soviet Region.

During the implementation of the study course the students:
• demonstrate knowledge about politics;
• are able to independently search for information that is necessary for the analysis of a definite situation, particularly emphasizing the possibilities and the restrictions of the information analysis;
• gain knowledge of topical issues of political science and real policy;
• will be able to analytically and critically discuss the developments in international and regional policy by discussing the topicalities of contemporary politics;
• are aware of the outer and inner factors that influence countries’ foreign policy and internal politics;
• will be able to express and defend their findings by using academic and other sources;
• will be able to discuss the alternatives of the development of states, poles of personalities in politics and the role of individuals in political processes.

Methods of instruction: The methods of instruction include lectures, discussions of assigned readings.

Course content:
The causes of regional conflicts in the process of the disintegration of the USSR (Nagorno-Karabakh, Abkhazia, South Ossetia, Transdniestria (Transnistria), Chechnya, East Ukraina und Crimea; The role of national elites in shaping the national identity; National minorities in the countries of the region – similarities and differences in the legal and the political spheres; Problems in the definition of the concept Russian and Russian-speaking population; The process of recognition of national minorities in the Baltic States and Poland; The role of Russia and the Russian world being constructed in the formation of the national identity of the Russians living in Baltic countries; Problems of the formation of the national identity of Belarusians in Belarus, Poland and Latvia; Places of memories of indigenous population and national minorities – the confrontation and the possibility of dialogue; the Crimean precedent – Is its repetition possible in Eastern Europe? The factor of the Ukrainian Revolution 2.0 in diffusion of socio-political processes in the region; Who are Latgalians, Seto.
Kashubians and Karaites, etc. – small ethno-cultural groups in the region?; The self-identification of the states in the region – Central Europe? Eastern Europe? Baltic region or the post-Soviet countries?

**Course plan:**

Lectures and seminars – 32 acad. hours.

**Topics:**

1. The causes of regional conflicts in the process of the disintegration of the USSR (Nagorno-Karabakh, Abkhazia, South Ossetia, Transdniestria (Transnistria), Chechnya, East Ukraine and Crimea);
2. The role of national elites in shaping the national identity;
3. National minorities in the countries of the region – similarities and differences in the legal and the political spheres (I);
4. National minorities in the countries of the region – similarities and differences in the legal and the political spheres (II);
5. Problems in the definition of the concept *Russian* and *Russian-speaking population*;
6. The process of recognition of national minorities in the Baltic States and Poland (I);
7. The process of recognition of national minorities in the Baltic States and Poland (II);
8. The role of Russia and the **Russian world** being constructed in the formation of the national identity of the Russians living in Baltic countries;
9. Problems of the formation of the national identity of Belarusians in Belarus, Poland and Latvia;
10. Places of memories of indigenous population and national minorities – the confrontation and the possibility of dialogue (I);
11. Places of memories of indigenous population and national minorities – the confrontation and the possibility of dialogue (II);
12. Places of memories of indigenous population and national minorities – the confrontation and the possibility of dialogue (III);
13. The Crimean precedent – Is its repetition possible in Eastern Europe?
14. The factor of the Ukrainian Revolution 2.0 in diffusion of socio-political processes in the region;
15. Who are Latgalians, Seto, Kashubians and Karaites, etc. – small ethno-cultural groups in the region?;
16. The self-identification of the states in the region – Central Europe? Eastern Europe? Baltic region or the post-Soviet countries?

**Requirements for awarding credit points:**

Participation in lectures – 30 %, graded test at the end of the semester – 70%

**Compulsory reading:**

   [https://books.google.lv/books?id=AThdAQAAMBAJ&printsec=frontcover&hl=ru#v=onepage&q&f=false](https://books.google.lv/books?id=AThdAQAAMBAJ&printsec=frontcover&hl=ru#v=onepage&q&f=false)
https://books.google.lv/books?id=CduOAQAQBAJ&pg=PA217&redir_esc=y#v=onepage&q&f=false

Further reading:

https://books.google.lv/books?id=39SoSG4NGaoC&pg=PA77&lpg=PA77&dq=poland%27s+millenium&sig=uQ-qK9oxqMuHmVvZfj8Iszrm1&redir_esc=y#v=onepage&q=poland's%20millenium&f=false
https://books.google.com.au/books?id=RmrdCwAAQBAJ&pg=PA141&lpg=PA141&dq=Warsaw%20leads%20Central%20Europe%20in%20foreign%20investment&source=bl&ots=RkGa21v9nn&sig=J4E34TtQu5X6Uktd2sMoKkWk0Rk&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwjXstia277TAhVFS7wKHaTVDrw0wAAYgAA#v=onepage&q=Warsaw%20leads%20Central%20Europe%20in%20foreign%20investment&f=false

Periodicals and other sources:
7. On the Boundary of Two Worlds: Identity, Freedom, and Moral Imagination in the Baltics
8. Journal of Baltic Studies, journal of the Association for the Advancement of Baltic Studies (AABS)
9. Lituanus, journal dedicated to Lithuanian and Baltic art, history, language, literature and related cultural topics
10. The Baltic Course
11. Baltic Reports
12. The Baltic Review
13. The Baltic Times
14. The Baltics Today
**Remarks:**
If necessary, the themes considered in the framework of the study course may be adjusted according to the students’ professional interests.

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<th>To which study programmes and their parts (A, B, C, D) this course belongs:</th>
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